2020 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

MOORE COUNTY - SPEC ROAD

500 S DUMAS AVE DUMAS, TX 79029

806-935-2175

http://www.co.moore.tx.us/

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The NNR tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of taxes (no new taxes) if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years. When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

The NNR tax rate for a county is the sum of the NNR tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies.

While uncommon, it is possible for a taxing unit to provide an exemption for only maintenance and operations taxes. In this case, the taxing unit will need to calculate the NNR tax rate separately for the maintenance and operations tax and the debt tax, then add the two components together.

1.	2019 total taxable value. Enter the amount of 2019 taxable value on the 2019 tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude Tax Code Section 25.25(d) one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (will deduct taxes in Line 17). ¹	\$2,223,552,390
2.	2019 tax ceilings. Counties, Cities and Junior College Districts. Enter 2019 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other units enter "0" If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$0
3.	Preliminary 2019 adjusted taxable value. Subtract line 2 from line 1.	\$2,223,552,390
4.	2019 total adopted tax rate.	\$0.006900/\$100
5.	2019 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2019 appraised value. A. Original 2019 ARB values: \$0 B. 2019 values resulting from final court decisions: - \$0 C. 2019 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	\$0
6.	2019 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.A. 2019 ARB certified value:\$17,707,211B. 2019 dispuated value:- \$2,939,670C. 2019 undisputed value.Subtract B from A.4	\$14,767,541
7.	2019 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add line 5 and line 6.	\$14,767,541
8.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.	
	Add line 3 and line 7.	\$2,238,319,931

1 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

2 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(14)

3 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

4 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (continued)

9.	2019 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after January 1, 2019. Enter the 2019 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁵	\$0
10.	 2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2020. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2020 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2019 market value: \$1,009,140 B. Partial exemptions. 2020 exemption amount or 2020 percentage exemption times 2019 value: +\$4,450,686 C. Value loss. Add A and B.⁶ 	\$5,459,826
11.	2019 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2020. Use only those properties that first qualified in 2020; do not use properties that qualified in 2019.A. 2019 market value:\$0B. 2020 productivity or special appraised value:- \$0C. Value loss. Subtract B from A.7	\$0
40		\$5,459,826
	Total adjustments for lost value. Add lines 9, 10C and 11C.	· · ·
	Adjusted 2019 taxable value. Subtract line 12 from line 8.	\$2,232,860,105
14.	Adjusted 2019 total levy. Multiply line 4 by line 13 and divide by \$100.	\$154,067
15.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2019. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code § $25.25(b)$ and (c) corrections and Tax Code § 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. ⁸	\$43
16.	Taxes in tax increment financing (TIF) for tax year 2019. Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter "0". ⁹	\$0
17.	Adjusted 2019 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add lines 14 and 15, subtract line 16. ¹⁰	\$154,110

- 5 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
- 6 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
- 7 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(15)
- 8 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)
- 9 Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)

10 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(13)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (continued)

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18.	Total 2020 taxable value on the 2020 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimate of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 20). These homesteads includes homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹¹		
	A. Certified values:	\$2,182,002,979	
		\$2,102,002,010	
	B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office:	+ \$13,435,450	
	C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:	- \$0	
	D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2020 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2020 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property		
	value that will be included in line 23 below. ¹²	- \$0	
	E. Total 2020 value. Add A and B, then subtract C		
	and D.		\$2,195,438,429
			+_,·,·.,·
19.	 Total value of properties under protest or not include appraisal roll.¹³ A. 2020 taxable value of properties under protest. The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest.¹⁴ B. 2020 value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll. The chief appraiser gives taxing units a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included at appraisal roll certification. These properties also are not on the list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value value of property not on the certified roll.¹⁵ 	ed on certified \$1,314,892 + \$0	

11 Tex. Tax Code § 26.12, 26.04(c-2)

- 12 Tex. Tax Code § 26.03(c)
- 13 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c) and (d)
- 14 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(c)
- 15 Tex. Tax Code § 26.01(d)

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate (concluded)

19. (cont.)		\$1,314,892
20.	2020 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2020 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter "0". If your taxing units adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2019 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁶	\$0
21.	2020 total taxable value. Add lines 18E and 19C. Subtract line 20. ¹⁷	\$2,196,753,321
22.	Total 2020 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after January 1, 2019. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2020 value of property in territory annexed. ¹⁸	\$0
23.	Total 2020 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2019. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after January 1, 2019 and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2020. ¹⁹	\$9,047,127
24.	Total adjustments to the 2020 taxable value. Add lines 22 and 23.	\$9,047,127
25.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Subtract line 24 from line 21.	\$2,187,706,194
26.	2020 NNR tax rate. Divide line 17 by line 25 and multiply by \$100. ²⁰	\$0.007044/\$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2020 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$0.555813/\$100

- 16 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)(B)
- 17 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(6)
- 18 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)
- 19 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(17)
- 20 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)
- 21 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(d)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. The voter-approval tax rate is split into two separate rates:

- 1. Maintenance and Operations (M&O) Tax Rate: The M&O portion is the tax rate that is needed to raise the same amount of taxes that the taxing unit levied in the prior year plus the applicable percentage allowed by law. This rate accounts for such things as salaries, utilities and day-to-day operations.
- 2. **Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the taxing unit's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The voter-approval tax rate for a county is the sum of the voter-approval tax rates calculated for each type of tax the county levies. In most cases the voter-approval tax rate exceeds the no-new-revenue tax rate, but occasionally decreases in a taxing unit's debt service will cause the NNR tax rate to be higher than the voter-approval tax rate.

28.	2019 M&O tax rate. Enter the 2019 M&O tax rate.	\$0.006900/\$100
29.	2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Enter the amount in line 8 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$2,238,319,931
30.	Total 2019 M&O levy. Multiply line 28 by line 29 and divide by \$100.	\$154,444
31.	Adjusted 2019 levy for calculating NNR M&O taxes. A. 2019 sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. For cities, counties and hospital districts, enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2019, if any. Other taxing units, enter 0. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent. \$0 B. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019: Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2019. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2019. + \$43 C. 2019 taxes in TIF.: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2020 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0. - \$0	

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

31. (cont.)	6	
	F. Add line 30 to line 31E.	\$154,487
32.	Adjusted 2020 taxable value. Enter the amount in line 25 of the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$2,187,706,194
33.	2020 NNR M&O rate. (unadjusted) Divide line 31 by line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.007061/\$100
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. 23A. 2020 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose.\$0B. 2019 criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping 	
	D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100

22 [Reserved for expansion] 23 Tex. Tax Code § 26.044

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

35. 1	34	
14	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. ²⁴	
	 A. 2020 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. B. 2019 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. 	
	purpose. \$0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and multiply by \$100. \$0/\$100 D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable,	
	enter 0.	\$0/\$100
	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensationA. 2020 indigent defense compensationexpenditures. Enter the amount paid by a countyto provide appointed counsel for indigentindividuals for the period beginning on July 1,2019 and ending on June 30, 2020, less any stategrants received by the county for the samepurpose.B. 2019 indigent defense compensationexpenditures. Enter the amount paid by a countyto provide appointed counsel for indigentindividuals for the period beginning on July 1,2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any stategrants received by the county for the samepurpose.\$08. 2019 indigent defense compensationexpenditures. Enter the amount paid by a countyto provide appointed counsel for indigentindividuals for the period beginning on July 1,2018 and ending on June 30, 2019, less any stategrants received by the county for the samepurpose.\$0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and	
	multiply by \$100. \$0/\$100 D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by line 32 and	
	multiply by \$100. \$0/\$100	
	E. Enter the lessor of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$0/\$100

24 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442 25 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0442

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (continued)

		1	1
37. <mark>]</mark>	Rate adjustment for county hospital expenditures. ²	26	
	A. 2020 eligible county hospital expenditures.		
	Enter the amount paid by the county or		
	municipality to maintain and operate an eligible		
	county hospital for the period beginning on July 1,	# 0	
	2019 and ending on June 30, 2020	\$0	
	B. 2019 eligible county hospital expenditures.		
	Enter the amount paid by the county or		
	municipality to maintain and operate an eligible county hospital for the period beginning on July 1,		
	2018 and ending on June 30, 2019.	\$0	
	C. Subtract B from A and divide by line 32 and	ΨΟ	
	multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100	
	D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by line 32 and	φο/φτοο	
'	multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100	
		ψυ/ψΤΟΟ	
	E. Enter the lessor of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.		\$0/\$100
			φο/φ100
	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O rate.		
4	Add lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E.		\$0.007061/\$100
	2020 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculate scenario below.	ed by the appropriate	
	Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply line 38 by 1.08.		
	Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 38 by 1.035		
	Taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If		
	the taxing unit is located in an area declared as		
	disaster area, the governing body may direct the		
	person calculating the voter-approval rate to		
	calculate in the manner provided for a special		
	taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to		
	calculate the voter-approval rate in this manner until the earlier of 1) the second year in which total		
	taxable value on the certified appraisal roll		
	exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in		
	which the disaster occurred, and 2) the third tax		
	year after the tax year in which the disaster		
	occurred. If the taxing unit qualifies under this		
I I	scenario, multiply line 38 by 1.08. ²⁷		\$0.007000/\$400
		I	\$0.007308/\$100

26 Tex. Tax Code § 26.0443 27 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c-1)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate (concluded)

A: Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount. \$0 B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt. \$0 C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none). \$0 D: Subtract amount paid from other resources. \$0 E: Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A. \$0 41. Certified 2019 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. ²⁸ 42. Adjusted 2020 debt. Subtract line 41 from line 40E. 43. 2020 anticipated collection rate. certified by the collector. ²⁹ 99.00000% B. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. 98.89000% C. Enter the 2019 actual collection rate. 99.710000% B. Enter the 2017 actual collection rate. 99.710000% E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate	\$0 \$0 \$0
taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount. \$0 B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt. -\$0 C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none). -\$0 D: Subtract amount paid from other resources. -\$0 E: Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A. 41. Certified 2019 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. ²⁸ 42. Adjusted collection rate. A. Enter the 2020 anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. ²⁹ 99.000000%	\$0
taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount. \$0 B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt. -\$0 C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none). -\$0 D: Subtract amount paid from other resources. -\$0 E: Adjusted debt. -\$0 41. Certified 2019 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector. ²⁸	\$0
taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount.\$0B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.\$0C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)\$0D: Subtract amount paid from other resources\$0E: Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A\$0	
taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount.\$0B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.\$0C: Subtract certified amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none)\$0D: Subtract amount paid from other resources\$0	\$0
taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal 	
taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. Enter debt amount.\$0B: Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to\$0	
 that: (1) are paid by property taxes, (2) are secured by property taxes, (3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year, and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses. 	

28 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(10) and 16.04(b)

29 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(b)

30 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(h),(h-1) and (h-2)

NNR Tax Rate and Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustments for Additional Sales Tax to Reduce Property Taxes

Cities, counties and hospital districts may levy a sales tax specifically to reduce property taxes. Local voters by election must approve imposing or abolishing the additional sales tax. If approved, the taxing unit must reduce its NNR and voter-approval tax rates to offset the expected sales tax revenue. This section should only be completed by a county, city or hospital district that is required to adjust its NNR tax rate and/or voter-approval tax rate because it adopted the additional sales tax.

	11 1	
49.	Taxable Sales. For taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or May 2020, enter the Comptroller's estimate of taxable sales for the previous four quarters. ³² Estimates of taxable sales may be obtained through the Comptroller's Allocation Historical Summary webpage. Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019, skip this line.	\$0
50.	Estimated sales tax revenue. Counties exclude any amount that is or will be spent for economic development grants from the amount of estimated sales tax revenue. ³³	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Multiply the amount on Line 49 by the sales tax rate ($.01$, $.005$, or $.0025$, as applicable) and multiply the result by $.95$. ³⁴	
	-OR-	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax before November 2019. Enter the sales tax revenue for the previous four quarters. Do not multiply by .95.	\$0
51.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the <i>No-New-</i> <i>Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$2,196,753,321
52.	Sales tax adjustment rate. Divide line 50 by line 51 and multiply by \$100.	\$0/\$100
53.	2020 NNR tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax.³⁵ Enter the rate from line 26 or 27, as applicable, on the <i>No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$0.555813/\$100
54.	2020 NNR tax rate, adjusted for sales tax.	
	Taxing units that adopted the sales tax in November 2019 or in May 2020. Subtract line 52 from line 53. Skip to line 55 if you adopted the additional sales tax before November 2019.	\$0.555813/\$100
55.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, unadjusted for sales tax. ³⁶ Enter the rate from line 47 or 48, as applicable, of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$0.576039/\$100
56.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for sales tax. Subtract line 52 from line 55.	\$0.576039/\$100

31 [Reserved for expansion]

32 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

33 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(i)

34 Tex. Tax Code § 26.041(d)

35 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

36 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A taxing unit may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The taxing unit's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The taxing unit must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

57.	Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ. ³⁷ The taxing unit shall provide its tax assessor-collector with a copy of the letter. ³⁸	\$0
58.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the <i>No-New-</i> <i>Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$2,196,753,321
59.	Additional rate for pollution control. Divide line 57 by line 58 and multiply by 100.	\$0/\$100
60.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control. Add line 59 to one of the following lines (as applicable): line 47, line 48 (counties) or line 56 (units with the additional sales tax).	\$0.576039/\$100

37 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(d)

38 Tex. Tax Code § 26.045(i)

Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Unused Increment Rate

The unused increment rate is the rate equal to the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-

approval tax rate before the unused increment rate for the prior three years. ³⁹ In a year where a taxing unit adopts a rate by applying any portion of the unused increment rate, the unused increment rate for that year would be zero.

For each tax year before 2020, the difference between the adopted tax rate and voter-approval rate is considered zero, therefore the unused increment rate for 2020 is zero. 40

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. ⁴¹

65.	2020 voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for unused increment rate. Add line 64 to one of the following lines (as applicable): line 47, line 48 (counties), line 56 (taxing units with the additional sales tax) or line 60 (taxing units with pollution control).	\$0.576039/\$100
64.	2020 unused increment rate. Add lines 61, 62, and 63.	\$0/\$100
63.	2017 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2017 actual tax rate and the 2017 unused increment rate from the 2017 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0/\$100
62.	2018 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2018 actual tax rate and the 2018 unused increment rate from the 2018 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0/\$100
61.	2019 unused increment rate. Subtract the 2019 actual tax rate and the 2019 unused increment rate from the 2019 voter-approval tax rate. If the number is less than zero, enter zero. If the year is prior to 2020, enter zero.	\$0/\$100

39 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(a)

40 Tex. Tax Code § 26.013(c)

41 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

De Minimis Rate

The de minimis rate is the rate equal to the sum of the no-new-revenue maintenance and operations rate, the rate that will raise \$500,000, and the current debt rate for a taxing unit. ⁴²

This section should only be completed by a taxing unit that is a municipality of less than 30,000 or a taxing unit that does not meet the definition of a special taxing unit. ⁴³

66.	Adjusted 2020 NNR M&O tax rate. Enter the rate from line 38 of the Voter- Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$0.007061/\$100
67.	2020 total taxable value. Enter the amount from line 21 of the <i>No-New-</i> <i>Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$2,196,753,321
68.	Rate necessary to impose \$500,000 in taxes. Divide \$500,000 by line 67 and multiply by \$100.	\$0.02276/\$100
69.	2020 debt rate. Enter the rate from line 46 of the <i>Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet</i> .	\$0/\$100
70.	De minimis rate. Add lines 66,68, and 69.	\$0.029821/\$100

42 Tex. Tax Code § 26.012(8-a)

43 Tex. Tax Code § 26.063(a)(1)

Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 NNR tax rate from: line 26, line 27 (counties), or line 54 (adjusted for sales tax).	\$0.555813/\$100
Voter-approval tax rate. As applicable, enter the 2020 voter-approval tax rate from: line 47, line 48 (counties), line 56 (adjusted for sales tax), line 60 (adjusted for pollution control), or line 65 (adjusted for unused increment).	\$0.576039/\$100
De minimis rate. If applicable, enter the de minimis rate from line 70.	\$0.029821/\$100

Taxing Unit Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the taxing unit. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the taxing unit and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code. ⁴⁴

Print Here

Printed Name of Taxing Unit Representative

Sign Here

Taxing Unit Representative

Date

44 Tex. Tax Code § 26.04(c)

2020 Notice of No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet for Calculation of Tax Increase/Decrease

Entity Name: MOORE COUNTY

Date: 10/26/2020

	County General Fund	FC&LR	SPEC ROAD
1. 2019 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.			
Enter line 8 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate			
Worksheet.	\$2,238,319,931\$2,231,042,469\$2,238,319,931		
2. 2019 total tax rate.			
Enter line 4 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate			
Worksheet.	0.458200	0.079300	0.006900
3. Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2019.			
Enter line 15 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate			
Worksheet.	\$3,390	\$521	\$43
4. Last year's levy.			
Multiply Line 1 times Line 2 and divide by 100.			
To the result, add Line 3.	\$10,259,372	\$1,769,738	\$154,487
5. 2020 total taxable value. Enter Line 21 of			
the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$2,196,747,301\$2,189,530,883\$2,196,753,321		
6. 2020 no-new tax rate.			
Enter line 26 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate			
Worksheet or Line 54			
of the Additional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet.	0.467813	0.080956	0.007044
7.2020 taxes if a tax rate equal to the no-new-revenue tax			
rate is adopted.			
Multiply Line 5 times Line 6 and divide by 100.	\$10,276,669	\$1,772,557	\$154,739
8.Last year's total levy.			
Sum of line 4 for all funds.	\$12,183,597		
9. 2020 total taxes if a tax rate equal to the no-new-			
revenue tax rate is adopted.			
Sum of line 7 for all funds.	\$12,203,965		
10. Tax Increase (Decrease).			
Subtract Line 8 from Line 9.	\$20,368		